



UNNAT BHARAT ABHIYAN 2.0

Village & Household Survey 2022

Submitted by

SAPATGRAM COLLEGE, SAPATGRAM, DHUBRI, ASSAM AISHE CODE: C-17203

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> Dr. Ronchai Basumatary, Programme Co-ordinator, Unnat Bharat Abhiyan

Introduction

Sapatgram College is situated at Sapatgram in Dhubri district, Assam. It is the only institution of higher education in this highly backward area of western Assam. It was started at the initiative of some local people interested in dissemination of higher education in this economically backward area. The college came into existence as a result of the untiring efforts and sacrifices of some of the leading personalities of the area like Late Panchanan Badhuri, Late Panchanan Medhi, Late Indubhusan Bhadra, Late Sunilal Narzary, Sri Santosh Kumar Dutta, Sri Samar Kanti Poit, Mr. P.K. Das, Mr A. Bhaduri, Mr Pabitra Kr. Das, Sri Ranajit Saha, Md. Sirajuddin Ahmed and others. Initially the college functioned from the Kachari building of the Zamindar of Parbatjora situated in Ward No. 1 of Sapatgram Town on the 7th August 1972. Later on, it was shifted to its present site. The College is, at present, spread over an area of 25 (twenty five) bighas of land in the Sonamoyee Gaon Panchayat on the banks of allotted College by river Loska. to the the Government

The College was accorded affiliation by Gauhati University in 1980-81. Subsequently, it was brought under the Deficit Grants - in - Aid system on the 1st September 1983 due to the active help of Late Ranendra Narayan Basumatary, Ex-Cabinet Minister of Assam. The College was recognized by the University Grants Commission under Section 2(f) and 12 (B) of the UGC Act, 1956 in July, 2002. In December, 2004 the college was assessed by the National Assessment and Accreditation Council, Bangalore and was accorded the grade C++.

As the College has been actively participating for the upliftment and well being of the locality it extended its services not only for college coming students but also for neighbouring and surrounding communities and localities. Quickly responding to the programmes adopted by IIT Delhi, Sapatgram College extended its interest and selected five villages for adoption. The college has trying to create a bridge with the villages and encouraging students to understand different issues of the villages.

Chapter II Aims and objectives of the survey

The survey was carried out under Unnat Bharat Abhiyan (under MHRD) by Prof. in-charge and students of Sapatgram College, Sapatgram affiliated to Gauhati University.

The major objectives were

- 1. To find number of beneficiaries of various government schemes and to find whether these schemes are reaching common people.
- 2. To identify major problems of the villagers and to find solutions for the same. The villagers were asked questions based on household survey form provided by Unnat Bharat Abhiyan.
- 3. To build rapport with the villages adopted
- 4. To enrich rural India
- 5.To create a vibrant relationship between society and Higher Educational Institutes
- 6. To carry out studies in the adopted villages to understand living conditions, assess the local Problems and needs, workout possible solutions.

Chapter III RABANTARI



III. 1 AKNOWLEDGEMENT

The team would like to thank IIT Delhi for showing faith in us by giving us this project. The team would also like to thank principal of Sapatgram College, Dr. Rajeshwar Prasad Singh for permitting us to participate in the UBA. The team also like to thank representative of the Rabantari village and the students of the Department of History for their assistance in surveying the village. We offer thanks and appreciation to the Lalji Das (Village headman) for this cooperation in surveying the village.

Dr. Habib Fazlul Basid
Dr. Jogomaya Paul
Prof. in-charge, team Rabantari

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		financial institution/credit,	
		societies, Post office Other primary	
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III. I

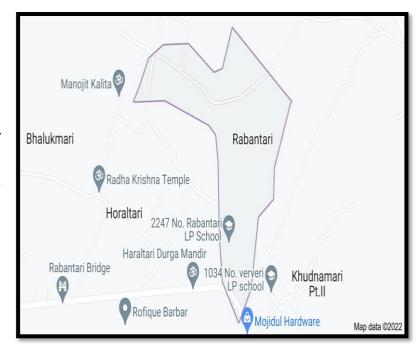
Introduction

Rabantari is a medium size village located in Bilasipara Circle of Dhubri district of Assam residing about 149 families at present time. As per the census of 2011 the average Sex Ratio of Rabantari village is 1020 which is higher than Assam state average of 958. Child Sex Ratio for the Rabantari as per census is 1050, higher than Assam average of 962. Rabantari village has lower literacy rate compared to Assam. Rabantari village is administrated by Sarpanch (Head of Village) who is elected representative of village. The name of the present village headman (Gaonburah) is Lalji Das.

According to Census 2011 information the location code or village code of Rabantari village is 281182. Rabantari village is located in Bilasipara subdivision of Dhubri district in Assam, India. It is situated 52km away from district headquarter Bilasipara. Bilasipara is the sub-district headquarters of Rabantari village. As per 2009 stats, Sonamoyee is the gram panchayat (GP) of Rabantari village. The total geographical area of village is 179.26 hectares. Literacy rate of rabantari village is approximately 65%. There are about 149 houses in Rabantari village. Sapatgram is nearest town to Rabantari for all major economic activities, which is approximately 7km away.

III.II Village Information

The name of the village surveyed under Unnat Bharat Abhiyan is Rabantari, which under Sonamayee comes Panchayat Gram (GP),consisting one number of wards and three parts. The village is situated Bilasipara Block and Dhubri district of Assam and Lok Sabha constituency 26 Bilasipara West. The village is located 46.1 km away from its district Headquarter Dhubri. The total area of the village is 179.26 hectares.



There is one Govt. primary, middle and secondary school within the village. The facilities of Govt. College, Private Schools, Banks (SBI and UCO), ATM, Post Office, Petrol pump, Gas Agencies, Railway station, Bus stop, are situated in the Sapatgram town which is 7 km. away from the village. The village has one Primary Health Centre, Anganwadi Centre, Fare Price Shop, playground and a dispensary.the village also has 13 SHG and a single NGO which is not yet registered. The electricity office of the village is situated at Bilashipara town which is 24 km. away from the village. The village is connected to the State High Way running from Sapatgram to Nayahat. The village is connected to the SHW by a 1km. pacca road. The said road is constructed under MNREGA scheme in 2019. The village has also 1km. kaccha connected the field. The only mode of transportation in the village is Electric Rickshaw and shared auto. The village has no Govt. reserved forest as well as community forest. The village has no street light, community Hall and training cum production centre. But it has one Dharmasala having 2 LED light (used energy 2 Hr/day). The village also has a social organization called Rabantari Pragati Sangha.

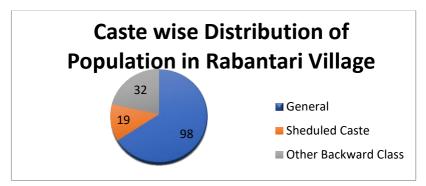
III.III

Analysis of House Hold Survey Report

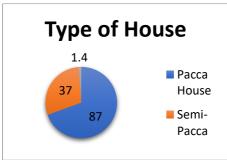
KEY FINDINGS

- 1. Average Income of household turned out to be approximately Rs. 125,000 per year.
- 2. Out of 149 Household surveyed 98 belonged to general category, 19 belonged to Schedule Caste, 30 belonged to OBC.

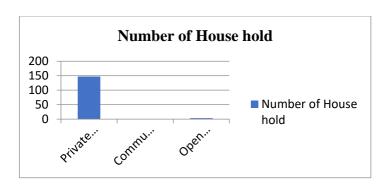




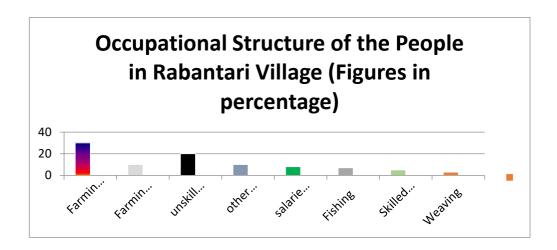
3. In Rabantari Village out of 149 household 25 numbers of houses are Kacaha, 37 Semi-Pacca and 87 are pacca house.



4. As per the survey 98.4 percent of the household have private toilet and 1.6 perfect of the people opt for open defecation.

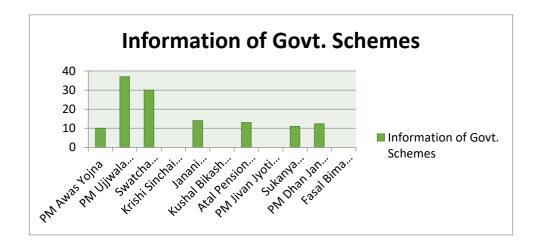


5. As per the survey conducted it has been found that average family member of the house hold is around 5. More than 80 per cent of the people have their ADHAR Card and around 75 per cent of the population have bank account number. Computer literacy of the people found to be very marginal which around 5 per cent. More than 40 per cent of the households of the village are availing social security under different Govt. schemes. So far the question of the occupation of the villagers is concerned, it is found that 30 per cent of the villagers are engaged in farming own land, 10 are farming in others land, 20 per cent are unskilled wage workers, 10 per cent engaged in other trade & business and 8 per cent are engaged in salaried employment, 7 per cent are engaged in fishing, 5 per cent are skilled wage workers, and 3 percent are engaged in weaving.

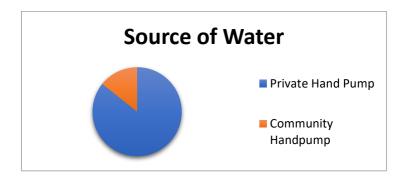


- 6. Major health problems include Respiratory problems, body pain, Arthritis, Piles etc.
- 7. Only 15 people migrate to cities in search of jobs. They stayed outside for an average of 9 Months per Year.
- 8. Under the information regarding beneficiary individuals under different Government Schemes, the household survey found that the beneficiary covered under PM Jan Dhan Yojana is 12.5 percent, Sukanya Samridhi Yojana is 11 per cent, PM Suraksha Yojana is 10 per cent, Atal Pension Yojana is 13 percent, and Janani Suraksha Yojana is 15 percent of the total population of the village.
- 9. The survey data relating to beneficiary household reveals that household covered under Kisan Credit Card is 19 per cent, Swacch Bharat Mission Toilet is 30 per cent,

Soil Health Card is 11 per cent, PM Ujjwala Yojana is 37 percent, and PM Awas Yojana is 10 percent of the total number of households.



10. The survey reveals that almost 91.2 percent of the total households possess their own private hand pumps as source of water and rest 9.8 percent of the households rely upon community water tap or hand pump for source of water.



- 11. In the village 92 per cent of the households are having electricity connections. Electricity availability per day is on average 12 to 15 hours. Almost 98 percent of the people have electric bulb and more than 90 per cent use electric fan.
- 12. More than 94 per cent of the people use both organic and chemical fertilizer.
- 13. Prime crops that the people cultivate are paddy (more than 80 per cent), Mustard Oil, Jute and vegetable.

III.IV

Problems of the Village and Recommendation

- Problems of the Village:
 - a) Problems of Drinking Water
 - b) Problems of health service
 - c) Unavailability of Irrigation facility
 - d) No supply of food for their cattle.
 - e) Problem of house

Recommendation of the Villagers: as per the survey the villagers want government intervention in solving their problems. They convey request to the government to solve these problems as early as possible.

APPENDIX I

\UNNAT BHARAT ABHIYAN (UBA)

Baseline Household Survey Form (sample

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APPENDIX II Unnat Bharat Abhiyan - Village Survey Form (sample)

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	espondent's Profile												
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Chapter IV

Dharmapur



Prof. in-charge: 1. Dr. Munmun Banerjee, Assistant Prof. & Head, Dept. of Education Sapatgram College

2. Mr. Bulen Chutia, Assistant Professor, Dept. of English, Sapatgram College

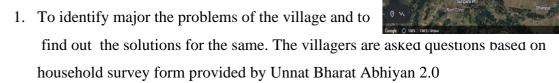
IV.I Introduction

Dharmapur is a medium size village located in Bilasipara Circle of Dhubri district, Assam with total 233 families residing. The Dharmapur village has population of 1163 of which 587 are males while 576 are females as per Population Census 2011. The village is 68 km. from the district head quarter and 30 km. away from high way.

In Dharmapur village population of children with age 0-6 is 172 which makes up 14.79 % of total population of village. Average Sex Ratio of Dharmapur village is 981 which is higher than Assam state average of 958. Child Sex Ratio for the Dharmapur as per census is 1098, higher than Assam average of 962. Dharmapur village has higher literacy rate compared to Assam. In 2011, literacy rate of Dharmapur village was 75.48 % compared to 72.19 % of Assam. In Dharmapur Male literacy stands at 80.59 % while female literacy rate was 70.16 %. As per constitution of India and Panchyati Raaj Act, Dharmapur village is administrated by Sarpanch (Head of Village) who is elected representative of village.

IV.II Aims and Objectives:

The Survey was conducted between 3-7 November, 2022 under Unnat Bharat Abhiyan 2.0 (under MHRD) by teachers and students of Sapatgram College, Dhubri, Assam The main objectives were:



- 2. To find out the number of beneficiaries of various Govt. schemes and to confirm whether these schemes are reaching the common people.
- 3. To understand the standard of living of various households of the village.







Some Photographs taken during Survey





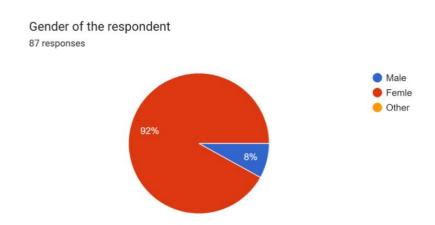
Awareness Programme on 'Gender Sensitisation'

IV.III Dharmapur Data (Census 2011)

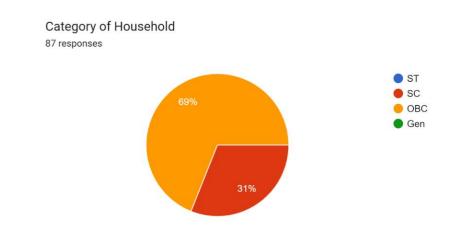
Particulars	Total	Male	Female
Total No. of Houses	233	-	-
Population	1,163	587	576
Child (0-6)	172	82	90
Schedule Caste	23	13	10
Schedule Tribe	0	0	0
Literacy	75.48 %	80.59 %	70.16 %
Total Workers	417	328	89

IV.IV Key findings:

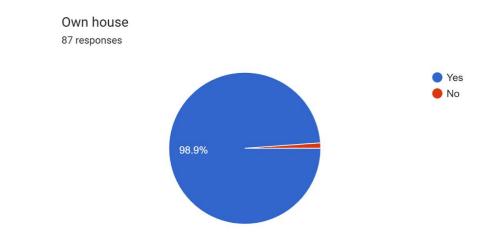
1. Gender of the Respondents:



2. Category of the households:

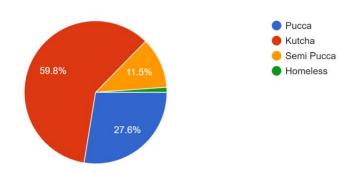


3. Own house or not:



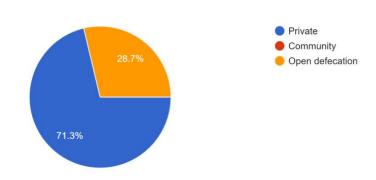
4. Type of house:

Type of House 87 responses



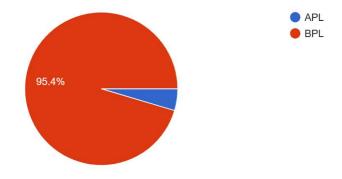
5. Toilet system:

Toilet 87 responses



6. Poverty Status:

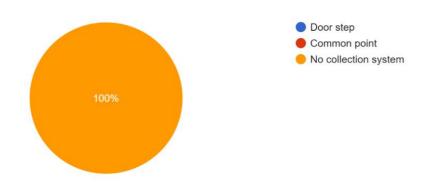
Poverty Status 87 responses



7. Waste Collection System:

Waste Collection system

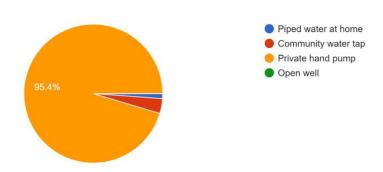
87 responses



8. Source of Water:

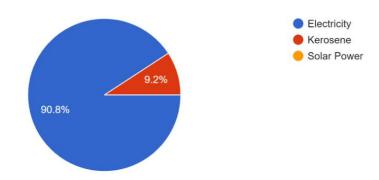
Source of water

87 responses



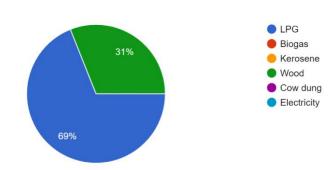
9. Lighting:





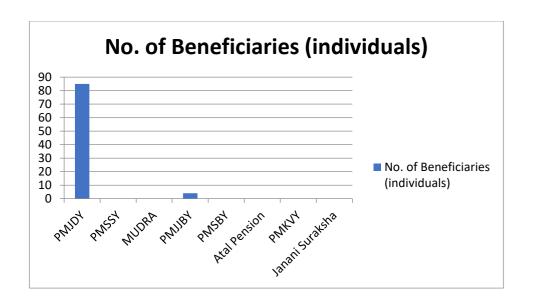
10. Cooking:

Cooking 87 responses



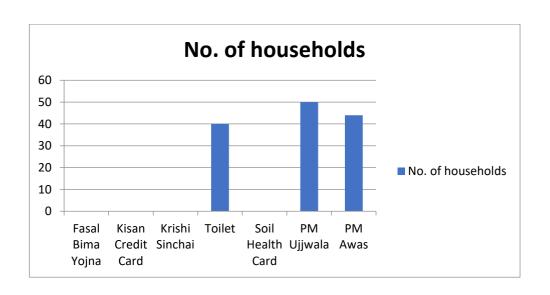
11. No. of beneficiaries of various Govt. Schemes:

a.	PM Jan Dhan Yojana	: 85
b.	Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana	: NIL
c.	Mudra Yojana	: NIL
d.	PM Jivan Jyoti Bima Yojana	: 04
e.	PM Suraksha Bima Yojana	: NIL
f.	Atal Pension Yojana	: NIL
g.	Kaushal Vikas Yojana	: NIL
h.	Janani Suraksha Yojana	: 69



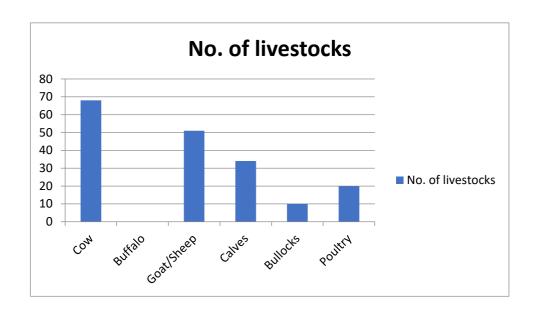
12. No. of households benefitted by various Govt. schemes:

a. Fasal Bima Yojana
b. Kisan Credit Card
c. Krishi Sinchai Yojana
d. Swachh Bharat Mission Toilet
e. Soil Health Card
f. PM Ujjwala Yojana
g. PM Awas Yojana
i. NIL
i. Soil Health Card
i.



13. No. of livestock:

a. Cow : 68
b. Buffalo : NIL
c. Goat/sheep : 51
d. Calves : 34
e. Bullocks : 10
f. Poultry/Duck : 20



14. Major Problems of the village and villagers:

- a. Lack of awareness among the people regarding various Govt. schemes
- b. Lack of irrigation system in the village
- c. Almost 70% of the internal road are kachha and pathetic in condition
- d. Need for a health centre.

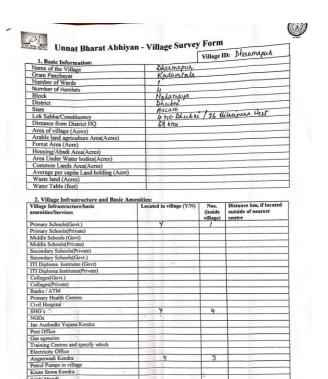
IV.V Major Findings and Conclusion:

- 1. Most of the respondent were female.
- 2. Most of the people (69%) belong to OBC category and rest of the people (31%) come under ST category.
- 3. Maximum (98.9%) people have their own house,59.8 % people have kutcha house, 27.6% have pucca house and 11.5 % have semi pucca house.

- 4. 95.4% people live under BPL category and maximum (71.3%) people have private toilet system and many people (28.7%) have open defecation.
- 5.Lightening (electricity) facility is good availed by maximum people (90.8%) and LPG facility is availed by 69% people and rest of the people availed wood for cooking.
- 6. Maximum people have cow, Goat/sheep and Poultry/Duck and sources of water is private hand pump only. More over there is no waste collection system in this village area.
- 7.No. of households benefitted by various Govt. Schemes are very less, in fact nil except Swachh Bharat Mission Toilet (40%), PM Ujjwala Yojana (50%) and PM Awas Yojana (44%).
- 8. No. of beneficiaries of various Govt. Schemes are very les, in fact zero except PM Jan Dhan Yojana (85%) and Janani Suraksha Yojana (69%). Very few people availed Jivan Jyoti Yojana.
- 9.No. of beneficiaries of various Govt. Schemes are very les, in fact zero except PM Jan Dhan Yojana (85%) and Janani Suraksha Yojana (69%). Very few people availed Jivan Jyoti Yojana.
- 10. Major problems of the villages are: Lack of awareness among the people regarding various Govt. schemes. Lack of irrigation system in the village. Almost 70% of the internal road are kutcha and pathetic in condition and of course need for a health centre.

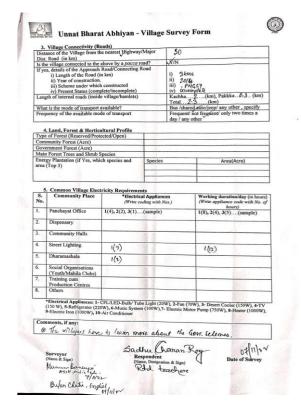
Appendix I

Village Survey Form (Sample)



Mandi
Price Shop

merative/Collection Cent



Appendix II

Baseline Household Survey form (sample)

Village: Silg hagre (Dharman	Gram Pan			la.			5.	Informati	ion of Govern	ment Sc	heme	15	7.				
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District: Dhubri State: Assam							(Ir	ndividuals n Number)	9.								
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elationship with Head of Household: & E	- (ontact Number:	8840	17967	+		6	Atal pensi	ion Yojana							Area	
eneral Household Information (Tick appropria	option)						8		ikas Yojana raksha Yojana	-		01	3.	Barren/V/aste land area	10	6. Uncul	ivable
ame of the Head (Household) Nikhil &	- Manclas M.	ale / Female	No. of	amily memb	pers: G	7		1138				eneficiary		1921 No. 185 (1935)			
egory: Gen / SC / ST / OnC	Poverty St.	atus: APL / BPI	T .			+		100	3		, H	(Y/N)	Part	9. Agricultur	al Inputs	Tick	If Yes,
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Pucca / i fucca/Homeles	Open Defec		Biogas	d / Open / N	one	-	11	Krishi Sine	chai Yojana		4	1	Dov	ou use Chemical F	ertilisers	Yes/No	Use(Kg/Acr
or Step / Common Point / No Collection System		Group/ Nohe			/ Communi	,	12	Swachh B Soil Healt	harat Mission	Foilet	2	7000	Do y	ou use Chemical		Yes/No	
Action of Articles (Articles of Articles	1	CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	/ None				14	PM Ujjwa	la Yojana		N	-	Do y	ou use Chemical \			
amily Member Information (Fill appropriate of	ion)						15	PM Awas	Yojanu		N	11	Do Y	ou use organic Ma	anures	Yes/No	
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/Colleg Code ³			ms, fany	against member			Piped	Water at H	ome Yes /	No	8	1 11		10. Agricultura	l Produc		
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, Migration Status in a family					Lighting: Vectricity / Kerosene / Solar Power Mention if Any Other:					Shelter for Livestock: Pucca / Kutcha / Open							
oes any nember of the household migrate for	/ork? Yes	/ No				3	Cooking: tPG / Biogas / Kerosene / Wood / Cow Dung /					Average Daily Production of Milk(Litres):					
Yes How many members of the family migrate				16		1/2		Residues /		ene / W	Joa /	CO-V Dung /	Ani	mal Waste/Cow Du	ing (in Kg.)		
amily migrates for how many days/ months? ince how many years the migration is taking pla	e? Yes	1 8		TEST .	1	-1 0 0	Menti	on if Any C	Other:	e avis d'in	Als.	2.810		12. Major pro	blems in	village, if any	(Top 3)
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*No Pension - 0, Old Age Pension - 1, Widow Pension - 2, Di *Gen - 01, SC - 02, ST - 03, OBC - DB	bility Pension - 3, Other Pe	ension -4 (mention)					2.	Motor		N 1/3	1.	1 hours	40	MANUAL DESIGNATION OF THE PERSON OF THE PERS		TAIL.	
* Farming on own Land-01, Sharecropping /Farmin: Leased is	id-32, Animal Husbandry-I ent-08, Salaried Employm	D3 Posti-o Iture/Poultr	out of Exprise C	Skilled Water W	in her-06.		3.	100	40	197 3		The State of	Sch	edule Filled By e of Survey:	(Name &	Sign): Pra	n sit B

Chapter V

BHEAKOBA PT.1



V.I AKNOWLEDGEMENT

The team would like to thank IIT Delhi for showing faith in us by giving us this project. The team would also like to thank principal of sapatgram College, Dr. Rajeswar Prashad Singh for permitting us to visit the assigned village Bhelakoba.

The team is very grateful to Dr. Ronchai Basumatary program co-ordinator of sapatgram College for giving us this notable opportunity. The time is like to thanks representative of the village (Swapan Kr.Roy) and few villagers for their assistance in village survey.

Dr. Krishna Kanta Roy

Dr. Bapi Chandra Das

Prof. in-charge, team Bhelakoba

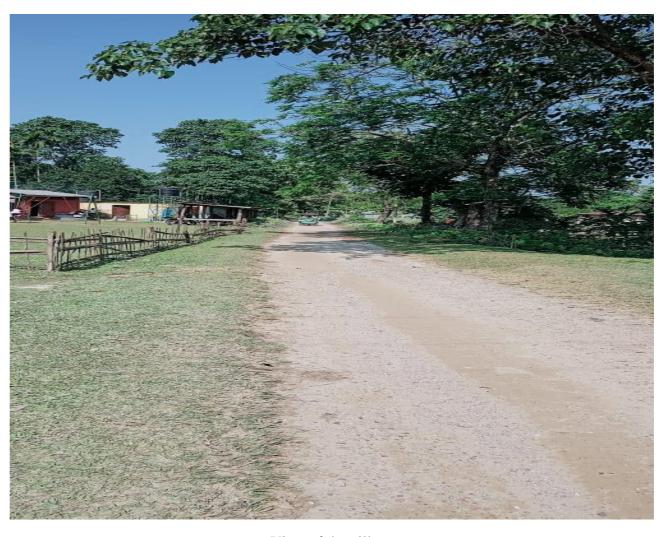
V.II Introduction

The Village is Located in the bank of the river Sonkosh, under Kokrajhar district in Assam, India. It is situated 26 km away from sub District head quarter Parbhatjhora and 35 k.m. away from District head quarter. As per 2010 Status, Panbari VCDC is declared as gram panchayat of Bhelakoba

The total geographical area of the village is 125 hectares. Bhelakoba has a total population of 1500 Peoples. There are about 600 hundred houses in Bhelakoba village. Sapatgram is nearest town to Bhelakoba which is approximately 2 K.M. away. Temperature during survey was 30 degree celsius, wind speed: 6K.M. cloud cover: 86% Humidity: 59%

Objective: The main objective of this survey is to find out the real picture of the village in all aspect. Particularly this study will emphasis on the ground level picture of Bhelakoba Part-I village and try draw the attention of the Govt. to provide overall facilities to villagers to better life.





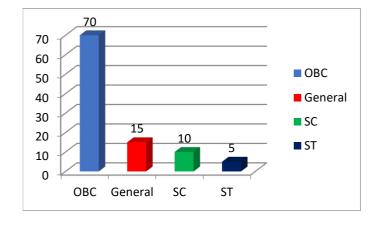
View of the village



V.III Demographical Information.

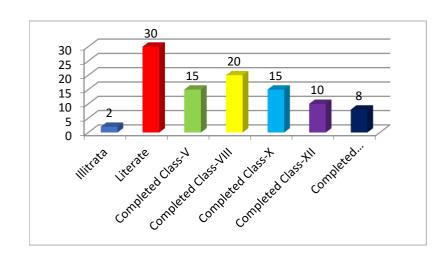
a. OBC: 70%b. General: 15%c. SC: 10%

d. ST: 5%



V.IV Education:

a. Not Literate: 2%
b. illiterate :30%
c. Completed Cass V: 15%
d. Completed Cass VII: 20%
e. Competed Cass X: 15%
f. Competed Cass XII: 10%
g. Competed Graduation: 8%



V.V Migration:

Only 2% people are migrated to other state for livelihood.

V.VI Water Facility:

90% People use water from their own hand pump and remaining 10% People have no any water facility or own hand pump . So they carry water from neighbors.

Drains: There is no any drain System in the village Bhelakoba .

V.VII Sanitation: The sanitization system of the villager is very poor. Most of the people have kutcha toilet. About 90% people have kutcha and 10% pupil have their own pucca toilet.

Village infrastructure and service: The infrastructure of the village is not so good. The main road of the village is in poor condition. The houses of the villagers are made with bamboo and bricks. 70% houses are kutcha 30% are pucca.

Power and energy: All villagers have electric facility.

Bank and financial institution /credit societies: There is no any Bank or financial institution in the Village.

Post office: There is no post office in the Village.

Agriculture:

Some people of the village are engaging in agriculture like paddy, white etc. But most of the people depend on their pottery.

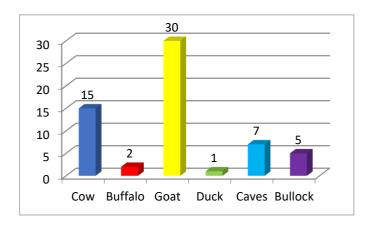
Heath facility: There is a primary health center in the village. But the condition of the health center is very poor.

V.VIII Government schemes coverage:

1. PM jandhan Yojna: 10% 2. Sukanya Samridhi Yojana: 0% 3. Mudra Yojana: 0% 4. PM Jivan Jyoti Bima Yojana: 0% 5. P.M. Surakha Bima Yojana: 0% 6. Atal Pension Yojana: 0% 7. Kishan Vikas Yojana: 05 0% 8. janani Suraksha Yojana: 0% 9. Fasal Bima Yojana: 10. Kishan Credit Cared Yojana: 0% 0% 11. Krishi Sanchay Yojana: 12. swachha Bharat Mission Toiet: 2% 13. Soil heath Card: 2% 14. PM Ujjwalla Yojana: 15% 2% 15. PM Awius Yojana:

V.IX Livestock asset:

a. Cow: 15%b. Buffalo: 2%c. Goat: 30%d. Duck: 15%e. Calves: 7f. Bullocks: 5%



Situation analysis: The village communication is backward. The river sankosh is located near the village. The people cannot proceed to Sapatgram Town as there is no Bridge on the River Sankosh.

Chapter-5

Plan of Activities:

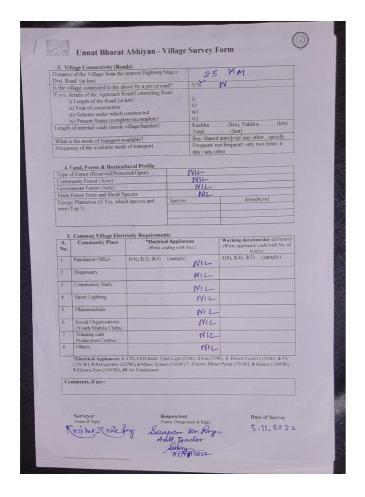
Action Plan -1 - To improve the communication facilities in this village, to improve Health Facilities, to upgrade the educational facilities.

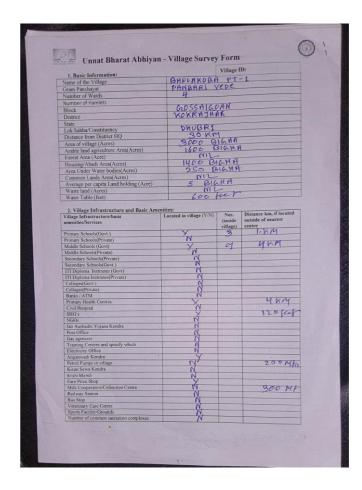
Action plan-2- To provide modern technical know how to the village farmers for agricultural development, to establish financial institution in the village, to arrange Skill Development Programme in the village.

V.X Summary and Conclusion: This survey is tried to bring out the real picture of the village Bhelakoba Part-I and the actual status of the village life. Moreover, this survey emphasizes on the some aspects which are very important.

Appendix I

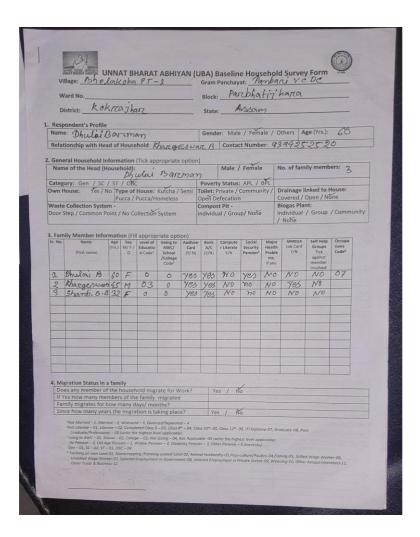
Village survey form (sample)

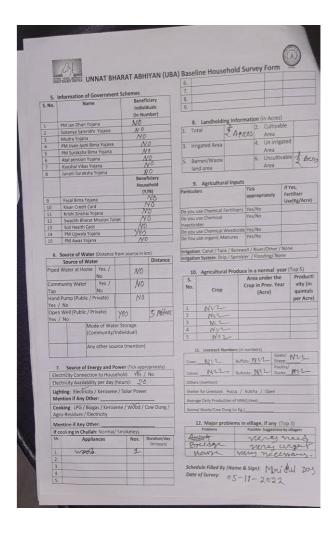




Appendix II

Baseline Household Survey form (sample)





Chapter VI

Kartimari Pt. 1



VI.I ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We would like to express our special thanks to our respected principal Dr. Rajeshwar Prasad Singh for allowing and giving overall support for the programme as well as our IQAC Coordinaror Dr. Ronchai Basumatary for this golden opportunity to do the wonderful project. We also would like to offer our special gratitude to the Teacher In-Charge Mr. Mahabul Hoque Chaudhury, Dr. Abdul Baten Mondal and Mr. Argeng Narzary for briefing the inaugural session of the programme.

Furthermore, we would like to express our sincere thanks to the office of the Joint Director, Health Department, Kokrajhar, BTR, Assam for providing all necessary arrangements for conducting the Health Camp. Our special thanks goes to Doctors, Nurses, Pharmacists, Ashakormi and any other person who associated with the team.

In addition to this, we would like to offer our sincere gratitude to Kamaleswar Barman ,Gaonburha of the village Kartimari Part- I, without whom our project Unnat Bhart Abhiyan would not be completed.

At last but not the least, we would like to offer our sincere thanks to all the students who helped us by their sincere and punctual participation in the Household Survey and Village Survey namely- Rejaul Akhtar Akond, Amir Hamza SK, Abjal Hussain, Mohammad Bin Nur, Rezaul Korim, Hasanur Akand, Sultana Arifa Yesmin, Atika Begum, Joya Chakrabarti and Rabina Yesmin .

With Regards Saiful Sheikh and Trishna Bhuyan (Prof. In Charge)

VI.II INTRODUCTION

The name of the village is Kartimari Part- 1, PO- Kartimari, Dist- Kokrajhar, Assam, where we conducted a Household Survey and Village Survey under Unnat Bharat Abhiyan scheme sponsored by the Govt. of India. The survey was conducted on 5th November 2022. The total household of the village was 416, among them 102 household were randomly selected for the survey. According to the Unnat Bharat Abhiyan Guidelines 20% of the Household were directed to survey. Hence we have selected randomly 102 households for our survey.

In addition to this, on the Same day on 5th Nov. 2022 from 11am onwards, we also conducted a "Health Camp" in that village to aware the people of the village about their health and hygiene.

The programme was started at sharp 11.00 am following a felicitation ceremony, Mr. Mahabul Hoque choudhury, Teacher in charge chaired the session, Doctors, Gaonburah were felicitated by Fulam Gamosa.

Our general Professor Incharge Mr. Mahabul Hoque Chaudhury Coordinated with the Joint Director of the health department for seeking permission for arranging the pragramme. The joint Director of the Health Department managed Doctors, Nurses, Pharmacists, Ashakarmi and supplied all necessary Medicines which cures fever, Cough, Jaundice, Diarrhea and many more diseases. They check up like-Blood Pressure, Heart beat, Hemoglobin and so on. More than 100 patients were screened by them.

At Last packet launch was arranged by the Prof. Incharge to the whole team. After than the health camp pragramme was concluded by giving vote of thanks by the Prof. In-charge.

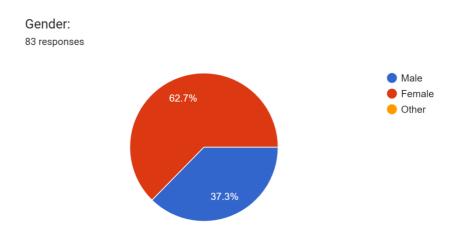
VI.III AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE SURVEY

The Household Survey and Village Survey of Unnat Bharat Abhiyan were conducted on 5th November 2022 by a team of students of Sapatgram College under the supervision of general Prof. in Charge Mr. Mahabul Hoque Chaudhury and special Prof. in Charge of that particular survey Mrs. Trishna Bhuyan and Mr. Saiful Sheikh.

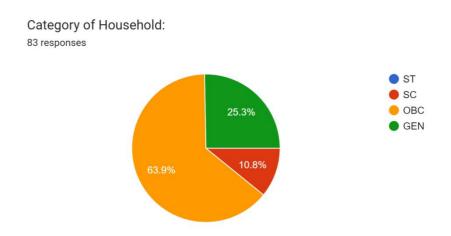
The Major Objectives were

- 1. To find number of beneficiaries of various government schemes and to find whether these schemes are reaching common people.
- 2. To identify major problems of the villagers and to find solutions for the same. The villagers were asked questions based on household survey form provided by Unnat Bharat Abhiyan.

VI.IV KEY FINDINGS



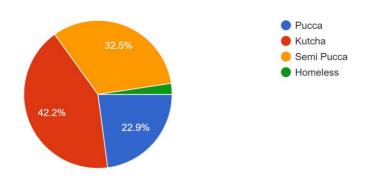
1. Out of 83 respondents 62.7% female and 37.3% were male,



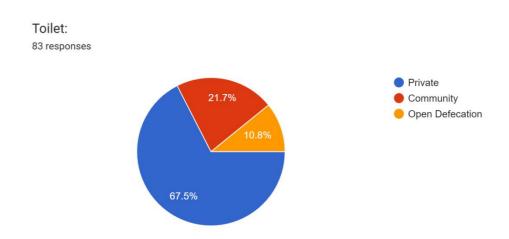
- Out of 83 Household surveyed 63.9% belonged to OBC category,
 belonged to General Category, 10.8% belonged SC Category.
- 3. Major health problems include Respiratory problems, Blood Pressure, Arthritis, Piles and Tuberculosis.
- 4. Major occupation include Farming and Unskilled manual labour.

Type of House:

83 responses



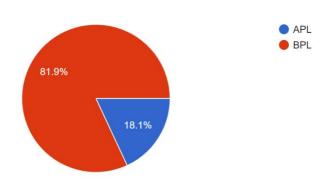
5. Out of 83 households 42% lived in Kutcha houses, 32.5% in Semi Pucca houses, 22.9% in Pucca houses and 4 were Homeless.



6. Out of 83 households 67.5% have private toilet, 21.7% have Community toilet and 10.8% have open defecation.

Poverty Status:

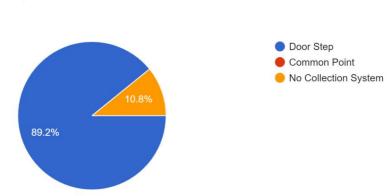
83 responses



7. Poverty Status of 83 Respondents 81.9% belong to BPL category and 18.1% belong to APL category.

Waste Collection System:

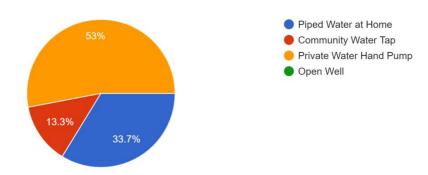
83 responses



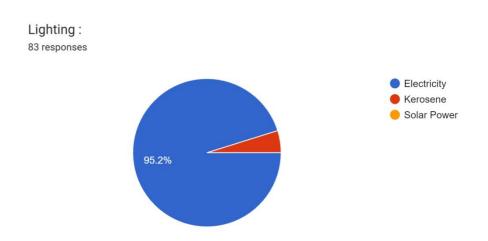
8. Waste collection system of the majority (89.2%) household is door step. 10.8% said they have no collection system. In that village has no common point of waste collection system.

Source of Water:

83 responses



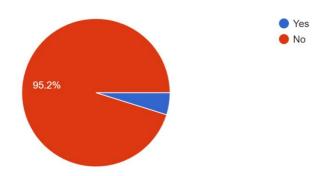
9. The water source of 33.7 % out of 83 respondents is piped water at home. 53% household use private water hand pump and 13.3% household use community water pump.



10. Majority (95.2%) of the household use electricity in this village.

Migration Status:



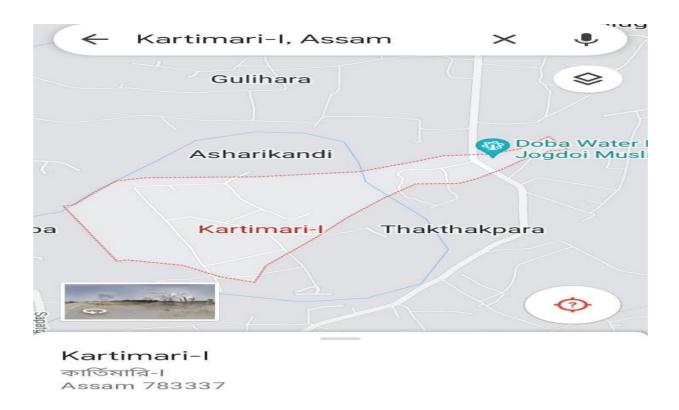


12. very few only 4.8% people were migrated from the village by seeking job in various district of the state.

VI.V Major Problems of The Surveyed Village (Kartimari part-1)

- Open Drainage: -During Survey the team observed that most of the drainage is open and it might be causing water born disease. Water logging is also a major issue of this village.
- > Kuccha house: So many houses in this village found Kuccha which is prone to so many living problems.
- > No Ration Card: Many household did not have any ration card thus leaving them deprived of many benefits.
- Lack of Old age pension is still a major problem in Kartimari part 1 village for senior citizens.
- ➤ Most of the people unable to get the governmental schemes.
- > There were some women who did divorced and stayed her parents house but she has not getting any governmental scheme.

From the survey it was found that most of the peoples have occupied only 1 or 2 kotha land where they cannot do farming, plantation, crops, paddy, poultry etc due to lack of land. They just make the home on that land and their main livelihood is unskilled labour.



In the village Kartimari part – I, a Village Survey and Household Survey were conducted under Unnat Bharat Abhiyan. The village is under Kartimari VCDC under Gossaigaon Block. The district of the village is Kokrajhar, Assam. The constituency/Lok Sabha of the village is 5 No Kokrajhar West (ST) 30 KM away from District Head Quarter. The area of the village is 4sq KM, total arable land of the village is 20 Acres and forest area covers 5 Acres.

VI.VI HEALTH CAMP

On 5th November 2022 from 11am onwards a Health Camp was organized at the village Kartimari-I by the IQAC of Sapatgram College, Mr. Mahabul Hoque Choudhury, Prof. In Charge of Unnat Bharat Abhiyan contacted with the Joint Director, Department of Health, Kokrajhar for all necessary arrangement of Doctors, Nurses, Pharmacists and medicines. Check-up like Sugar Test, Himoglobin Test, Pressure Check-up were exercised, free medicines were distributed by Doctors. Around 200 people were there gathered in the Health Camp.

Prof. In Charge of the Household cum village survey pragramme of Kartimari part-I under Unnat Bharat Abhiyan namely Mrs. Trishna Bhuyan and Mr. Saiful Sheikh co-ordinated the programme along the NSS volunteers of Sapatgram College NSS Unit. Gaonburah of the village arranged all the chairs, tables and called the village people to gather in the camp.

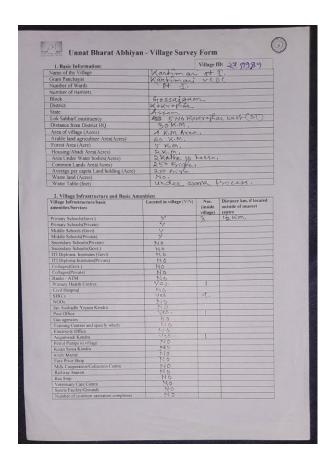


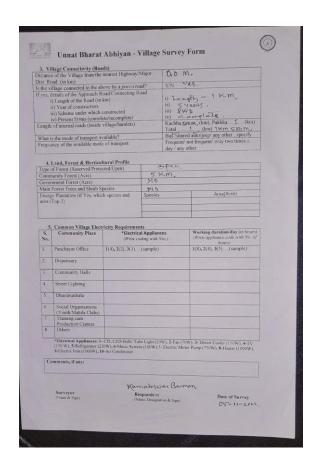


VI.VII CONCLUSION:

Kartimari part 1 is a economically, socially, educationally backward village. Most of the villagers unable to get any governmental schems. Most of the household have no land to cultivate. No cattle, ducks cocks, cows ,buffalows etc . They are living by doing unskilled labour. Their level of education is very poor. Most of the parents are illiterate. But no child are lacking behind from schooling right now. Some are going to angawadi school some are primary school, Some are going to college level also. Most of the peoples still carried their water from the neighbors houses. Some divorce women are there who were not coverd by the governmental schems still.

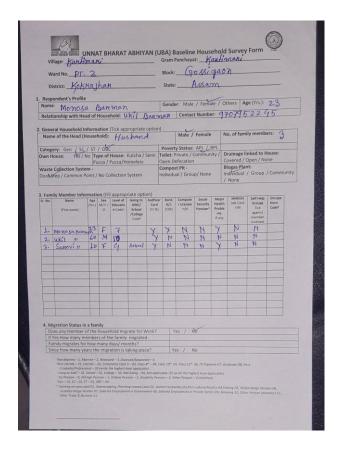
Appendix I Village Survey form (sample)





Appendix II

Baseline Household Survey form (sample)



No.				IIYAN (UBA	D.	line House	hold St	ırve	y Form)
	Information of G	overnment !	Schemes		7.						
No.	Name Beneficiary Individuals (In Number)				9.						
	PM Jan Dhan Yoja	ina	N		9	Landholdin	g Inform	ation	(in Acres)	
	Sukanya Samridhi	Yojana	N			otal	11	2	Cultiva	ble	
	Mudra Yojana		N			***	2 -		Area	10.4	-
	PM Jivan Jyoti Bir		N		3. Ir	rigated Area		4	. Un irrig	ateu	
	PM Suraksha Bim Atal pension Yoja		N					6		uable	
	Kaushal Vikas Yo		N			arren/Waste		6	Area	vaune	
	Janani Suraksha		N		la	ind area					
				eficiary		. Agricultura	d innuits				
				sehold	Particu		n mpurs	Tick		If Ye	
	-		-	Y/N)	Particu	naro		appr	opriately		tilizer
	Fasal Bima Yojar Kisan Credit Car									Use	(Kg/Acre)
0	Krishi Sinchai Yo	ojana			Do you	use Chemical F	ertilisers	Yes/	No.		
2	Swachh Bharat	Swachh Bharat Mission Toilet				Do you use Chemical Insecticides			Yes/No		
3		Soil Health Card				Do you use Chemical Weedicide			e Yes/No		
14	PM Ujjwala Yoji		-		Do You	use organic Mi	anures	Yes	No		
	PM Awas Yojan	3	-								
10	Source of Water	District for	en courrer in	km)	Irrigat	ion: Canal / Tan	k / Borew	ell / R	wer/Other	/ NONE	
0.	Source of Wat	er		Distance	trrigat	ion: Canal / Tan ion System: Dri	o / Sprink	er / e	addening is		
Viene.	d Water at Home					0. Agricultura	I Dander	o in s	normal	rear [Top 5)
ipe	T Marce at House	No				o. Agricultura	a Produc	Are	a under th	ne l	Producti
Community Water Yes /						S.		Crop	in Prev. Y	ear	vity (in
Tap		No			NO.	Crop			(Acre)		quintals
Han	d Pump (Public / 9	Private)						-			per Acre)
Yes	/ No				1	peady		1	B		
	n Well (Public / P	rivate)								-	
Yes	/ No	de of Water	Storage		3						
		mmunity/Inc			4						
					5						
	An	y other source	e (mention			11. Livestock N	umbers (in	numb	ers)		
										oats/	
					Cos	VY.	Buff	310		heep:	
	7. Source of En	ergy and Pov	ver (Tick ao	/ Min	Car	195	8/0	ocks:		ucks_	
E	ectricity Connecti	on to House	noid: Tel	de la	Others (mention):						
	ectricity Availabili	ty per day (h	ours):	e nound		iter for Livestock	Burra 4	Kind	a / Ones		
Li	ghting: Electricity	/ Kerosene	Solar Pow	er							
N	tention if Any Oth	ner:			Average Daily Production of Milk(Litres):						
C	ooking: LPG / Bio	gas / Kerosei	te / Wood ,	cow Dung/	An	mal Waste/Cow I	Jung Jin Kg	1	-		
	gro-Residues / Ele					12. Major pr	oblams	n vill	are if any		3)
Mention if Any Other:						12, Major pr	-meing I	Pos	age, II any sible Suggest	ions by	villagers
		cooking in Chullah: Normal/ Smokeless									
5	N Appl	iances	Nos.	(in hours)							
	cooking	don a	Al I								
		JOH WE	H.								
					Sci	hedule Filled B te of Survey:	y (Name	& Sig	n): (
					Do	te of Survey:	T 11	-	200	ye	-

Chapter VII

BHALUKMARI VILLAGE









Prof. in charge:

Dr. Juthika Das, Asstt. Professor, Deptt. of Political ScienceMr. Eusob Ali Ahmed, Asstt. Professor, Deptt. of MathmaticsMs. Smrithi Rekha Barman, Asstt. Professor & Head, Deptt. of Economics

VII.I Introduction

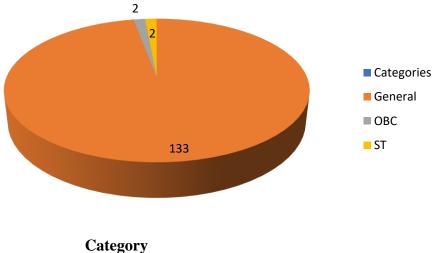
Bhalukmari gaon is located in Sapatgram under West Bilasipara Loksabha constituency area of Dhubri district in Assam, India. It is situated 12 km away from the national highway (Sapatgram-Nayahat) and 55 km away from district Headquarter, Dhubri. Bhalukmari village is under Sonamayi gaon panchayat and under Mahamaya block. Currently, the total land area of the village is 371.4 acres, of which and more than 61.9 acres of land were submerged under water bodies due to flood. There are almost 137 household in the Bhalukmari village. Sapatgram is the nearest town to Bhalukmari village which is approximately 5 km away. The total length of the internal roads of the village is approximately 2 and half km of which only 80 meter is pakka. The villagers mostly use bus as the public mode of transport.



A total of 137 households were surveyed in Bhalukmari.

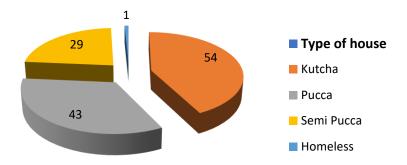
VII.II Key findings of the village

1. Demography



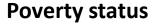
Out of the 137 households, 133 belongs to general category, 2 belongs to OBC and 2 belongs to ST (P).

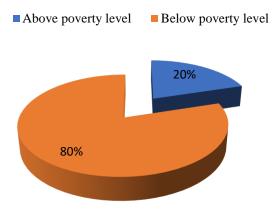
2. Types of houses



Out of the 137 households 54 lived in *kutcha* houses, 43 in *pucc*a houses, 29 in semi *pucca* house and one is homeless.

3. Poverty status



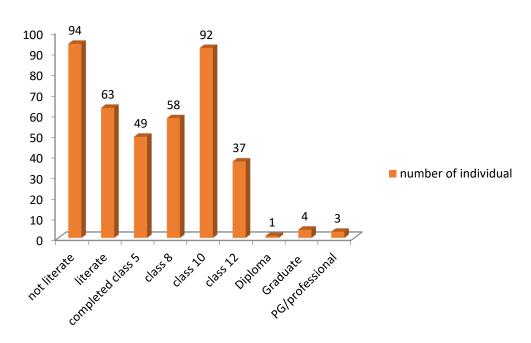


Poverty status of the village

The majority of the village households are economically backward. The survey result finds that 80% of the family are below poverty level (BPL), while only 20% of the families are above poverty level.

4. Level of education

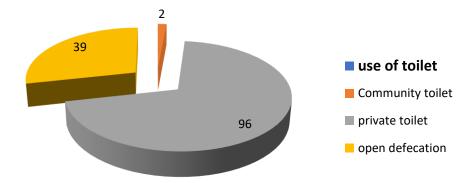
level of education



Status of education in the village

The village is educationally backward. The majority of the senior citizens have completed only their matriculation. There is only one primary government school and anganawadi Kendra in the village, there is no middle school or secondary school or any other educational institution in the village. This is probably one reason why most of the people are demotivated and less interested in choosing higher education or good career options.

5. Use of toilet



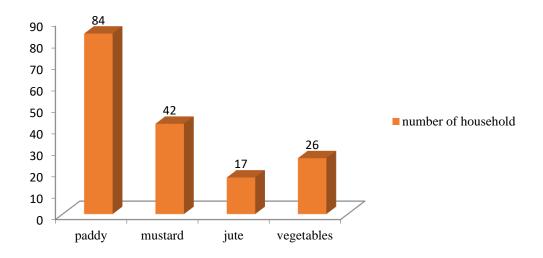
. . .

use of toilet in the village

It found that out of the 137 households 96 households have private toilet, while 2 households use community toilet and 39 households defecated in open.

6. Agricultural Production

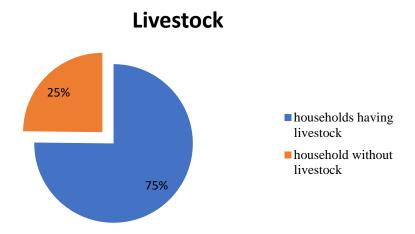
Agricultural production



Agricultural production in the village

The economy of Bhalukamari village is agrarian based. The primary crops cultivated in the village are the paddy, mustard, jute etc. Different types of vegetables like cabbage, cauliflower, brinjal etc are also cultivated by the villagers.

7. Livestock

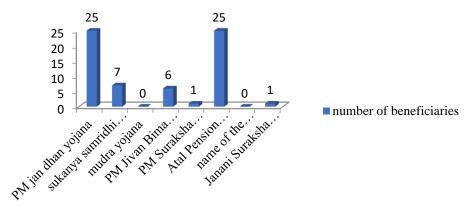


Number of household beneficiaries of different government schemes

The villagers primarily earn their livelihood through cultivation and animal husbandry. The cows, goats, ducks, poultry are the primary livestock available with the village households.

8. Number of individual beneficiaries

number of individual beneficiaries

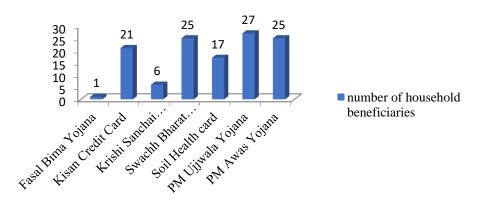


Individual beneficiaries of different government scheme

The Government of India though launched a number of schemes for the upliftment of the poor but the beneficiaries of these schemes are very poor in the village. Only a few villagers received the maximum benefits only from two such schemes i.e. PM Jan Dhan Yojana and Atal Pension Yojana

9. Number of Household beneficiaries

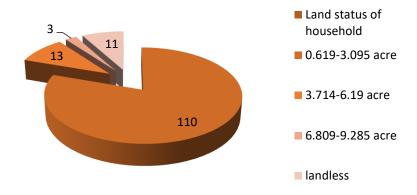
number of household beneficiaries



Number of household beneficiaries of different government schemes

PM Ujjwala Yojana, PM Awas Yojana, Swachh Bharat Miision toilet, Kisan Credit card are the major government schemes where the households receive the benefits.

10. Land Status of the villagers



Land status of the villagers.

- 11. The village does not have any primary health care centre or hospital, for which they have to go to Sapatgram town for health related issue. The villagers are not very cautious about their health related problems though most of them have blood sugar, blood pressure issues and do not feel like visiting a doctor regularly for those issues.
- **12**. Majority of the villagers have bank account. But the village does not have any bank, post office or ATM. For that they have to go to Sapatgram town for any kind of monetary transaction.

VILIII GRAMSABHA

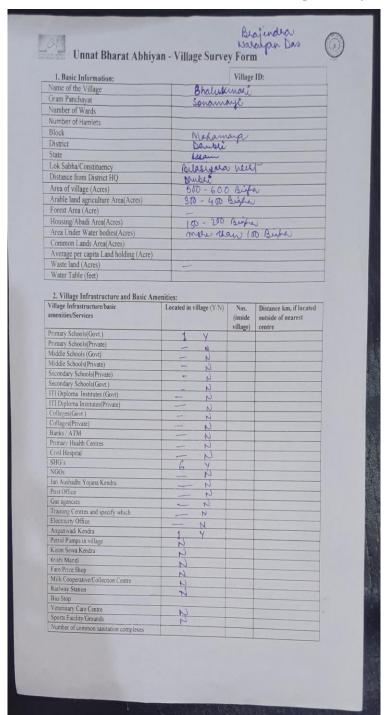
The students and the faculty members of the college have arranged a mock *Gramsabha* to have face to face conversation with the villagers. The *gramsabha* began with a lecture delivered by Miss Monira Akhtar, a student of B.A 3rd semester, Department of Political Science, Sapatgram college reflecting the experience gathered from the survey and the pathetic issues that the villagers are confronting with. In the *gramsabha*, majority of the villagers have expressed the poor educational scenario of the

village. They also expressed their concern about the growing menace of alcohol and drugs addiction particularly among the youths. They also informed about the lack of drainage system as well as clean and safe drinking water facility. However they feel that, some positive developments have also been done in recent past due to the different schemes provided by the government for rural development and poverty eradication. But they are also equally concern of the growing interference of the middlemen because of which the schemes cannot penetrate to the poor and needy in true spirit.



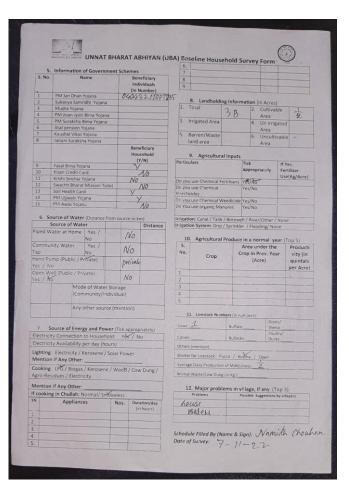
Appendix I

Village Survey form (sample)



Dis	Nillage Connectivity (I	Roads) the nearest Highwa	tv/Major						
DIS	il. Koad (in km)			11-1	2 km				
Ify	he village connected to the es, details of the Approach	Road/Connecting	road?	Y/N	Y				
	1) Length of the Road (in km)	Koad	i) 00 m	i) so min (pacca)				
	ii) Year of construction iii) Scheme under which	l.		ii) 2027	2012				
	 Present Status (com 	inlete/incomplete)		iii) ant	neamptell (km) Pakkka Mokikm)				
Len	igin of internal roads (insid	le village/hamlete)	1 10	Kachha					
Wh	at is the mode of transport	w 2 km		Total(kn)					
Free	quency of the available mo	ode of transport	Bus/shared auto/jeep/ any other, specif Frequent/ not frequent/ only two times a day/ any other						
	4. Land, Forest & Hortic	ultural Profile							
Con	ne of Forest (Reserved/Prot nmunity Forest (Acre)	tected/Open)	-	_					
	remment Forest (Acre)								
Mai	in Forest Trees and Shrub!	Species		_					
Ene	rgy Plantation (if Yes, whi (Top 3)	ich species and	Species		Area(Acre)				
	5. Common Village Fleri	tricity Requireme	nto	2 de la 18					
			cal Applianc oding with N		Working duration/day (in hours (Write appliance code with No. o) hours)				
1.	Panchayat Office	1(4), 2(2), 3(1)	(sample)	×	1(8), 2(4), 3(5)(sample)				
2.	Dispensary		Х						
3.	Community Halls		X						
4.	Street Lighting		V						
5.	Dharamashala		^						
6.	Social Organisations (Youth/Mahila Clubs)	546 (Wn	new) ù	action					
7.	Training cum Production Centres	X							
3.	Others								
Con	9-Electric Iron (1000W), 10-	Air Conditioner L backwas willage ac	drels,	yeur,). 3- Desent Cooler (150W), 4-TV Pump (750W), 8-Heater (1000W), Put impaired victising in coly,				

Appendix II Baseline Household Survey Form (sample)



1. Re			Village: Bhalukmary												
1. Re		District: Shubrei					Block: Mohamaya								
Av. Phi							state: Assam								
Na	Respondent's Profile						Gender Male / Female / Others Age (Yrs.): 7								
Re	li pen lationship with H		of Hou	sehold:					ct Numl		Utners	Age (Yrs.):	67		
2 (50	neral Household	Infor	matic	n (Trob as				1 401110	ce ivaiii	Jer.					
1/12	me of the Head (Hous	ehold): Tis	ppropriat	Da		Male	/ Ferhal	0 1	No. cl far				
	gory: CM / SC			,		m					NO. C. Tar	nity memi	pers: 4		
		No 1	Type o	f House:	Kutche,	Semi		Private /			Drainar	linked to			
Wasi	e Collection Syste	em .	ucca,	/ Pucca/l	lomeless		Open Defecation				Drainage linked to House: Covered / Open / None				
	Step / Common F		/ No C	ollection	System		Compost Pit - Individual / Group/ None			Biogas Plant: Individual / Group / Community / None					
. Fan	nlly wiember info	rmat	ion (Fi	II approp	riate opt	ion)									
Sr. No.	Name (First name)	Age (Yrs.)	Sex	Level of Education Code	Going to AV/C/ School /College Code ¹	Aadhaa Card (Y/N)	Bunk A/C (Y/N)	Compute r Literate Y/N	Security Pension*	Major Health Proble ms,	Job Card	Self Help Groups Tick against member	Occupa tions Code ⁸		
1>	Tipen Das	67	M	NiL		V	V		ves	10.70%		involved			
27	Joyanti dos	60	F	Nill		7	4		100			NO			
		12.	7	242		02	1					0.0			
	Column do	0.0	00U	611		*	- 1					9			
4	Pizzku dols	23	M	8p		4	No					No			
	·		100				10					19			
	Mind the		100	115500		1//	7					97			
10)	Houngmali Das	21	F	9 pas		ý	No					1/0			
1			12/10	10		17/	50					(0)			
41	· Carrier Street	100		ner		W.	100					172			
Mig	ration Status in a	fami	ly												
If Ye	s any nember of t s How many mem	bers	of the	family r	nigrated	ork?	Ye	1 No	nema	1					
	ly migrates for ho	w m	any da	vs/ mon	ths?			37	riema	281	-				
Fam	how many years			ion is tal	ing place		Yes	/ No							

Chapter VIII

Conclusion

The survey was successfully carried out by the teams of Sapatgram College. All the Planners, Prof. in-charge and students engaged themselves enthusiastically to make the mission a successful one. The teams received good response from the villages and from the representatives of the villages. A mutual understanding between the villagers and Sapatgram College was established. The teams could understand the problems and challenges of the villagers and brought their findings. Although individual villages have their own problems, most of the common problem is poverty, irrigation facility for cultivation. Most of the Government schemes did not reach the villagers. The villagers suffer from the shortage of food for their cattle. Village streets are of poor condition. Lack of knowledge regarding Govt. Schemes, lack of bridges over rivers for transportation, limited plots of land for cultivation, lack of healthcare facilities are some of the major problems of the villages.

Sapatgram College tried to understand the problems of the villagers at the same time created awareness on different issues. The following programmes were organised at those adopted village to create awareness on cleanliness, healthcare, gender-based violence, open discussion on village issues and Environment.

Sl. No.	Villages	Activities	Prof. in-charge	Date
1.	Bhelakoba Pt. 1	Cleanliness Programme	Dr. K.K. Roy	05/11/2022
			Dr. B. Das	
2.	Kartimari Pt. 1	Health Camp	Ms. T. Bhuyan	05/11/2022
			Mr. S. Sheikh	
3.	Dharmapur	Gender Sesitisation	Dr. M. Banerjee	07/11/2022
			Mr. B. Chutia	
4.	Bhalukmari	Gramsabhas	Mr. E. A. Ahmed	07/11/2022
			Dr. J. Das	
5.	Rabantari	Environmental Awareness	Dr. H.F. Basid	09/11/2022
		Programme	Dr. J. Paul	

Sapatgram college shall try to organise more awareness programmes at those villages and monitor their development.